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Windsor, July 9.

THE humble Addreſs of the Biſhop, and Dean, and Chapter, of *Hereford*, has been preſented to Her Majeſty.

To Her moſt Excellent Majeſty ANNE, *Queen of* Great Britain, France *and* Ireland.

WE moſt ſincerely praiſe God, and with Hearts full of Duty congratulate Your moſt Gracious Majeſty upon all the glorious Succeſſes and Bleſſings of Your moſt Illuſtrious Reign, and at this time particularly upon the happy Accompliſhment of the long wiſh'd and endeavour'd Union of this whole Iſland into one Kingdom: Which, as it adds ſo much to the Honour of Your Majeſty's Reign, promiſes an Increaſe of Happineſs and Security to Your People, and reſtores the Name, Glory and Strength, of Great Britain; *ſo our Prayer to God is, That it may become the happy Means of uniting Your Subjects yet more cloſely in the Communion of our moſt Excellent Church, the Church of* England *as by Law eſtabliſhed.*

Since we preſume to approach Your Majeſty on this Occaſion, we cannot but moſt humbly preſent our moſt ſincere and hearty Thanks to Your moſt Gracious Majeſty, for Your repeated Favours and Bounty to Your poor Clergy, and particularly for Your late gracious Act to diſcharge ſmall Livings from Tenths and Firſt-Fruits, and all the Arrears thereof.

It is and ever ſhall be our conſtant Prayer, That God would reward You with all the Bleſſings of Earth and Heaven, with all Happineſs and Honour in this World, and an Eternal, but late, Weight of Glory in another.

Which Addreſs Her Majeſty received very graciouſly.

Lisbon, June 28. *N. S.* We want Five Mails from England, and have heard nothing from the Fleet, or my Lord Galway, ſince the Arrival of Colonel Wade. Colonel Bateman, who is come hither on his Parole, and left Spain 4 or 5 Days ſince, aſſures us there are but Two new Regiments of Foot advancing towards our Frontiers; one of Neapolitans, and the other made up of the Deſerters of ſeveral Nations. The 4 Iriſh Regiments are march'd to the Frontiers, whither the Marquis de Montandre is this Day gone to join them. We had begun a new Levy of Men in this City and the neighbouring Parts out of ſupernumerary and uſeleſs Servants, of whom we had liſted a great Number; but upon the Arrival of the Troops from Ireland they were diſmiſs'd by the King's Order. The Troops of Andaloufia, under the Duke of Oſſuna, have taken Serpa and Moura; the laſt having been ſurrendred for want of Proviſions and Powder: But the Marquis de Frontero being march'd to the Relief of Olivença, it is not doubted but he has oblig'd them to retire, and that he will ſoon recover thoſe Places. The Governor of Algarve has ſent an Expreſs hither, which informs us, That they had repeated Advices, by Ships put in at Faro, of a conſiderable Action that had happen'd on the Borders of the Ebro, which turn'd very much to the Advantage of the Allies.

Berne, July 2. Yeſterday the Two Deputies of this Republick ſet out for Baden, to aſſiſt at the general Diet of the 13 Cantons, which is Yearly held there at Midſummer: And 'tis ſuppos'd the Buſineſs of Tockenburg will be again debated in that Council, the Abbot of St. Gall having declar'd he would bring that Matter before them. Letters from Neufchatel ſay, That ſeveral Pretenders to that Principality, as the Duke of Villeroy, Son to the Marſhal, the Comte de Matignon, and Mademoiſelle de Neufchatel, Daughter to the Chevalier de Soiſſons, are expected there in a ſhort time, where the Count de Sillery is already, to ſollicit for the Prince of Conty. The Dutcheſs de Leſdiguieres will ſend her Deputy, not being able to appear in Perſon, by reaſon of her great Age: And Monſieur de Loiſinge is arriv'd, in order to act in behalf of the Prince of Carignan, another Competitor. The Count de Metternich, the King of Pruſſia's Ambaſſador, enter'd that City two Days ago, to aſſert the Right of his Maſter. The Prince of Conty, who was expected there, hath ſtop'd at Pontarlier, about Twenty Miles diſtant from that Town, and hath written thence a Letter to this Canton, to inform them of his renewing his Pretenſions to Neufchatel, and to deſire their good Offices in his Favour: But his Letter having not yet been read in Council, it is not known what Anſwer will be made to it. He ſubſcribes himſelf, *Your good Neighbour and Ally*, aſſuming the Title and Principality of Neufchatel, for which he is conſider'd only as a Candidate. This Affair cannot be ſuddenly diſpatch'd. In the mean time the City is likely to reap very conſiderable Advantages from ſo great and wealthy Competitors, contending in Expence and Magnificence to recommend themſelves to that Sovereignty. Our Letters from Turin of the 25th of the laſt Month ſay, That all the Troops were on their March: The Prince of Heſſe with his Body was going towards Nice; Prince Eugene was to follow him the next Day, and his Royal Highneſs himſelf in two or three Days after. If we may believe the Reports that are lately ſpread among us, their Deſign is no leſs than the Siege of Toulon.

Copenhagen, July 9. The Emperor's Reſident finding no Hope of ſucceeding in a Demand he had made of Troops for the Army on the Upper Rhine, has chang'd that Propoſal into a Requeſt for a like Number to recruit his Majeſty's own Troops which are at preſent in Bavaria, in the Emperor's Service. His Majeſty is wholly recover'd, and will appear in Publick within few Days. To Morrow being the Czar of Muſcovy's Birth-day, his Ambaſſador deſigns to celebrate it with great Magnificence at a Country-Houſe of his Excellency's near Frederickberg.

Berlin, July 9. The Miniſter of his Electoral Highneſs of Hanover has ſignified to his Pruſſian Majeſty, That, in compliance with the preſſing Inſtances of Her Britannick Majeſty, the Emperor, States General, the Elector of Mentz, the Elector Palatine, and other Potentates, his Maſter is at laſt inclin'd to accept the Command of the Imperial Forces: But that his Electoral Highneſs expects the Report of 2 experienc'd Officers, whom he has ſent to the Army, before he abſolutely declares himſelf. Theſe Perſons are to bring an exact Account of the State of the Troops, by which his Electoral Highneſs will be better able to judge of what more may be neceſſary to demand of the ſeveral Princes to ſupport him in his Undertakings for their common Intereſt. His Electoral Highneſs deſires his Pruſſian Majeſty to exert himſelf on this Occaſion, according to his great Power and known Zeal for the general Cauſe. His Majeſty has writ to the Elector with his own Hand, to congratulate his taking upon him a Command which may ſo much redound to the Glory of his Electoral Highneſs, and the Advantage of the Empire.

Our Letters from Lublin of the 26th of June mention frequent and abrupt Adjournments of the Council. They make the Czar's Neglect of their former Propoſitions a Pretext for their being leſs attentive to his Czariſh Majeſty's preſent Inſtances. The Daniſh and Pruſſian Envoys, as alſo a Miniſter from Prince Ragotzki, were arriv'd there. Letters from Warſaw ſay, That General Henskens was marching towards Great Poland with a Body of 5000 Muſcovites. Monſieur Dupuy, who was formerly Agent for this Court at Berne, is put in Arreſt, and 'tis ſuppos'd for ſome Failure in his Conduct with relation to the Principality of Neufchatel.

Paris, July 8. Tho' the People are under a general Diſſatisfaction, and our Frontiers are alarm'd with the Approach of a powerful Enemy, the Affairs of the Treaſury are in ſo great Diſorder, that the King, even in this unſeaſonable Conjuncture, is forced to a new Declaration concerning the Money-Bills. The urging a Project which by ſo many repeated Trials hath proved ineffectual, convinces us that the Publick Exigencies are without a Remedy. Letters from the Marſhal de Teſſé increaſe our Apprehenſions for Toulon. He ſays, the Enemy in a man-